## MANIS PENTADACTYLA.


Character Gènericus.
Dentes nulli.
Lingua teres, extenfilis.
Os anguftatum in roftrum.
Corpus fquamis tectum.
Lin. Syf. Nat. p. $5^{2 .}$

## Character Specificus.

MANIS pedibus pentadactylis.
Lin. Sy/f. Nat. p. 52.
LACERTUS SQUAMOSUS.
Bont. $7 a v$. p. 60.

Externam tantum formam fpectanti, videatur hoc animal inter lacertos debere reponi: quibus tamen nulla alia re eft affine. Eft enim quadrupes revera viviparum, ab aliis quadrupedibus in hoc tantum difcrepans, quod fquamis validis admodum et magnis, pro pilis veftitur. Hæ fquamæ mirc adeo a Natura comparantur ut, appropinquante periculo, contrahere fefe poffit animal in pilam oblongam, nullis pene dixerim vulneribus obnoxiam ; funt enim fquamæ robuftæ adeo et acutæ, ut pedes ferarum rapacium, incaute contrectare audentium, fevere lancinent. Animal mite eff Manis,

Manis, vefciturque precipuc infectis et vermibus. Inter fylvas et loca paluftria vagatur, nullam aliam vocem pıxter rhonchum quendam peculiarem emittens. In magi.am interdum crefcit molem, pedes feptem vel oiolonga. Alia fpecies eft hujus generis, in pluribus huic valde fimilis, cui tamen cauda multo longior, pedefli.e anguibus quatuor tantum muniti funt. Species linc deplcia in India Orientali habitat, in infula Java quan alibi frequentior. In Africa ctiam dicitur invenıı.


# THE FIVE-TOED MANIS. 


Generic Character.
No Teeth.
Tongue cylindric and extenfile.
Moutb narrowed into a fnout.
Body covered with fcales.

> Specific Character.

MANIS with pentadactylous (or five-toed) fect. Lin.

SHORT-TAILED MANIS.
Pennant. Hijt. Quadr. p. 505.

If external form alone were regarded in this animal, it might be looked upon as a fpecies of Lizard, fo ftriking is the general refemblance which it bears to that tribe. In reality, however, it has no other affinity with thofe creatures; it is a genuine viviparous quadruped, and only differs from the generality of other quadrupeds in being covered, not with hairs, but with large and ftrong falcs, which are fo admirably contrived by Nature, as to enable it to contract itfelf on the approach of danger, into an oblong ball, in fuch a manner
a manner as to be almoft invulnerable; for fuch is the ftrength and fharpnefs of its feales, that they have been known to cut the feet of fuch beafts of prey as have ventured to attack it in this its defended fate. The Manis is an animal of a harmlefs difpofition. It feeds principally on infects, worms, \&c. wanders about woody and marfhy places, and has no other voice than a fort of fnorting. It grows to a very great lize, and fometimes meafures feveral feet in length. There is another fpecies of Manis, which has the fame general appearance, but which differs in having a much longer tail, and the feet furnifhed with four claws only, inftead of five.

The fpecics here figured, is an Eaft-Indian animal, and feems to be more common in the ifland of Java, than in other parts. It has alfo been found in Africa,

